

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

Foundations subject to Structural Engineer's detailed design and have been designed in accordance with saturated ground report at former 800mm wide x 200mm deep reinforced strip foundations (set at 800mm below finished ground level).

Any foundation within 1000mm of drains is to be taken down to a level no higher than the drain invert.

Any drains under the building which pass through sub-structure walls are to be protected by being bridged with a 150mm RC mat with a 150mm clearance in an opening to give minimum 50mm clearance at round. The pipe is to be laid in well heads joints as close as possible to the wall and connected to roofer pipes not more than 600mm long, all in accordance with approved Drawings H1.

Any drains passing under a building are to be surrounded in at least 100mm of granular material or other flexible filling around pipe, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, unless shown a less than 300mm below the slab.

Sub-structure Walls
External sub-structure walls are to be constructed in trenchblock or brick and blockwork to at least the same thickness as the supported wall above. Allow for a minimum of 4 courses to approved bonding patterns below DPC level to the outer leaf.

Internal sub-structure walls are to be constructed in trenchblock or blockwork to at least the same thickness as the supported wall above.

Concrete cavity fill to within 225mm of the lowest horizontal DPC level.

Horizontal DPC is to be BS 743, all external ground levels are to be a minimum of 150mm below DPC level.

Ground Floor Construction
The ground floor slab is design to accord with Structural Engineer's design and ground investigation report to cast over the sub-floor membrane to form a 150mm reinforced suspended slab with mesh to Structural Engineer's drawings. 1200 gauge DPM is shipped under slab topped up level at slab and timber the first brick course over side. In addition 70mm sand/cement screed cast over 2 layers of 40mm rigid stable 70 insulation, returned at edges to prevent cold bridging. Top 1200 gauge DPM and under insulation up face of internal insulation and shipped into inner leaf of block work. Insulation and screed omitted from giraffe floor sealed with non-slip floor paint.

Raised Ground Level
When the ground level is raised to form level access the brickwork outer leaf is to be protected from damp by a cavity tray with min 225mm upstand above finished ground level. This detail is to be maintained where the min 150mm step up to DPC is compressed.

External Walls
Walls to be constructed in cavity wall construction consisting of either 100mm FL quality facing brick, or 100mm semi-dry reconstructed stone, 100mm clear cavity insulated with 50mm Kingspan Kooltherm X8 rigid insulation. Finished in place with proprietary insulation clips. 100mm lightweight 40mm concrete block, finished internally with 9.5mm square edged plasterboard, set and dabbled with adhesive dabs, joints topped ready to accept 3mm skim finish. 2 walls to be tied together with stainless steel vertical brack wall tie to BS 1243 min 225mm long set at 900mm c/c vertically and 75mm c/c vertically, double around openings.

All cavities to be closed around openings with 100mm Thermadote cavity closes. Cavity closed at top of wall with 3mm Squatex board, mortared into course. DPC set to min 150mm above finished ground level.

External insides to be pre-cast concrete voids/ cavities dressed with 10mm brickdip, ready to accept mortar pointing and covered with BBA Agreement Certificate.

Internal leaf to have openings bridged with precast concrete reinforced inlets with min 150mm and bearing. Subject to Structural Engineer's situation and specifications.

Wall and Roof Abutments
Where lower level roofs abut the main house junction is to consist cavity tray/topped cavity tray min 150mm above junction with weepholes draining the tray protected cavity at 675 c/c. Junction weather profile externally with min 150mm lead flashing/dropped flashing upstand.

Intermediate Floor
First floor chamber to consist of 225 x 50 C18 structural floor joists at max 480 c/c. Joists built into external walls or notched into masonry. Solid studs, when notched into steel, are at not span by joist spans of more than 2.5m and third span for joist spans of over 4.5m. Where joists are parallel to external wall, floor to be returned with 30 x 3 gyp fibre board notched over first three joists and in bottom face of over bay, screwed to block. Solid studs between joists in step position. First stone with 22mm T & G solidwood boards and underlayment with 12.5mm square edged plasterboard, set and dabbled with adhesive dabs, joints gyp above and below. Joints to remain with 100mm rockwool insulat. Insulate joist above gyping with 2 layers of 100mm rockwool insulat.

Patched Roof Construction
Natural slate ridge topped on 25 x 50 treated beams on spaced battenside roofing membrane (TYPICAL/Kingspan Minvatec) draped over 25 x 50 treated counter battens, fixed through 50mm Kingspan Kooltherm TP10 insulation with metal type approved nbs etc trusses. Insulated between with 50mm Kingspan Kooltherm TP10 to give overall U value of 0.18 W/m²K, underlayment with 12.5mm square edged plasterboard and 3mm skim finish.

Valleys are to be gip at H61 course 602.

All roof frames to be defined in 1.9 table 1 of Reg 7 of Approved Document A of the Building Regulations. Trussed rafters to comply with BS 5268 at 600mm c/c and are to be designed by truss manufacturers to comply with indicative truss layouts and to the structural Engineer's approval. Trusses are to be erected in accordance with the Truss Manufacturer's written instructions.

Longitudinal and diagonal wind bracing is to be in accordance with BS 5268: Part 3.

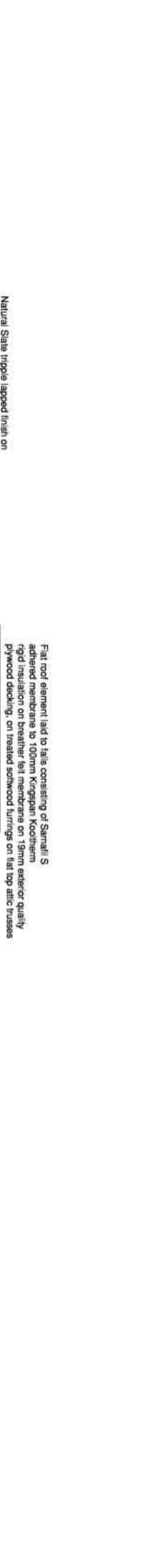
Trusses are to be fixed with truss clips to 100 x 75 mm enhanced wallplates which are to be strapped down at 2m centres.

Lateral support to be provided to determine walls and gables nailing parallel with trusses with galvanneal steel strips of minimum cross section of 30 x 5mm to afford anchorage at not more than 2m c/c. Strips are to be at joint and rafter level and are to be fixed to at least 3No. transverse trusses.

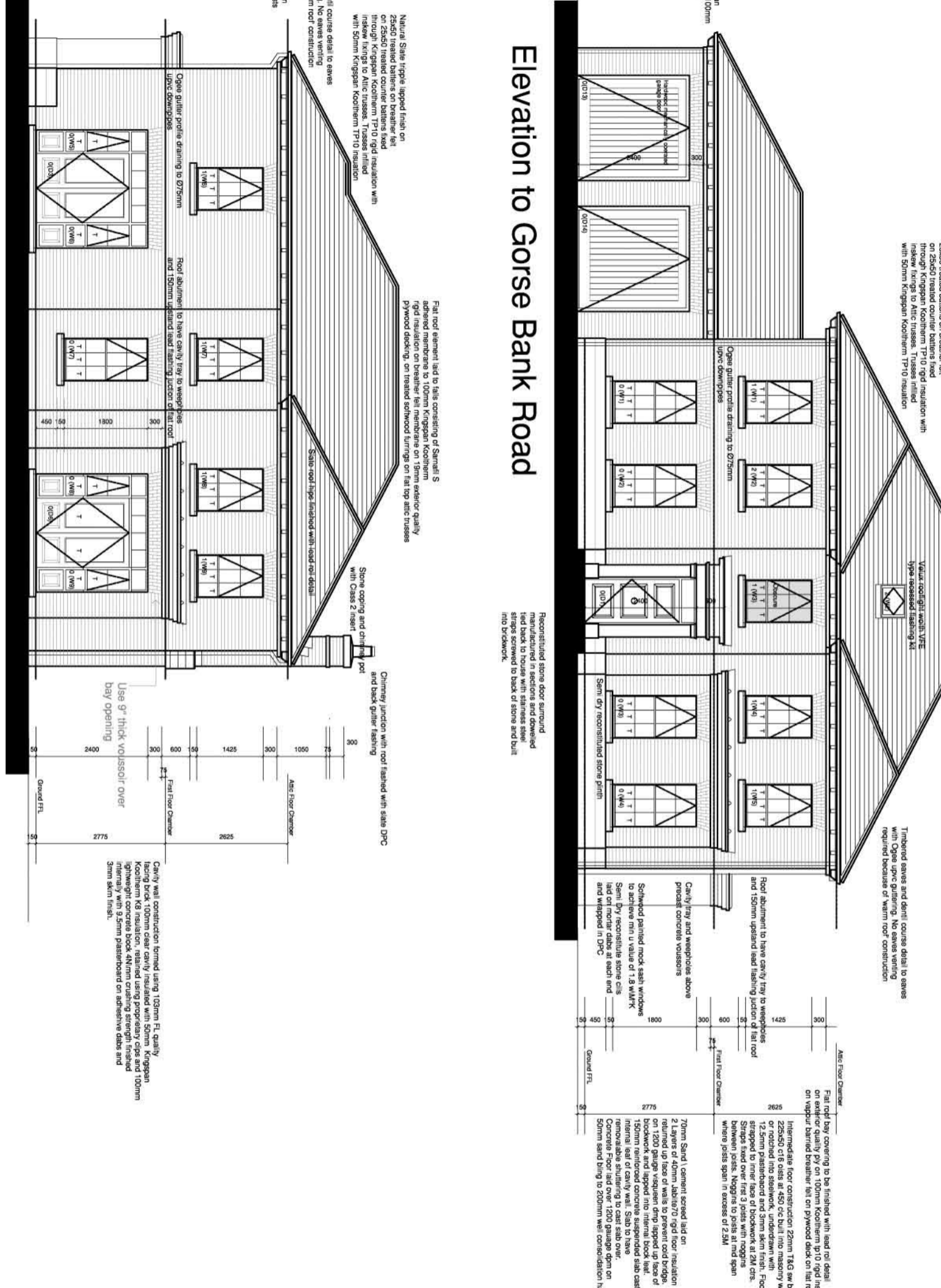
Flat Roof to Main Roof
Flat portion of attic trusses to be constructed using Sarnafil S Advanced Membrane on 1 layer of 100mm Kingspan Kooltherm TP10 rigid insulation on Sarnafil (or similar) type breather felt laid on exterior cavity plywood fixed through cut to rafter trusses using lead topped attic trusses. Junction of side roof and sarnafil roof fixed with proprietary sarnafil flashing piece.

Structural Steelwork
All structural steel specified in accordance with Structural Engineer's design and calculations. Typically, steel to sit on 400 x 215 x 100mm concrete padstones. Where floor joists roach into steel, C/C gap to be maintained by solid studs. Labelling of steelwork to be packed with steel shims or slats. All steelwork to receive 30mm fire protection by encasement in 2 layers of 12.5mm plaster joints splayed and topped with 3mm skim finish.

Internal Partitions
Internal stud partitions to be constructed of 1No. layer of plasterboard (from mass per unit area of 14kg/m²) each side of 75mm x 50 mm solidwood stud. An absorbent layer of unfaced mineral wool bats (from density 10kg/m³, min thickness 25mm) to be suspended in the cavity where shown. (and in accordance with Approved Document E)



Elevation to Gorse Bank Road



Elevation to Weygates Drive

31 Gorse Bank Road, Hale Bams
Proposed Elevations Sheet 1 of 2 1:50
 Status Number Date
 Mp72 BR 04 Jul08